

Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Rose-Hulman Scholar

Institute Inklings

Student Newspaper

Fall 11-21-1969

Volume 5, Issue 8 - November 21, 1969

Institute Inklings Staff

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INSTITUTE INKLINGS

VOLUME 5, NUMBER 8

ROSE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE

TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA

NOVEMBER 21, 1969

HUNGRY?

Admidst the crescendo of a large and tumultuous Dad's Day crowd, Rose's Engineers reeled off their third consecutive victory, achieving what only one other club has accomplished in over a decade. In conditions that a mailman would go on strike against, the Engineers repelled the Green Wave of Wilmington with a defense as impenetrable as a rain forest. This is a defense that would spread tooth decay all over the Midwest. One could see the Wilmington coach calling roll after every play to see if everybody would be taking the bus back to Ohio. Moreover, throughout 59 minutes of Saturday afternoon's contest this defense held Wilmington scoreless, while picking up seven points of their own.

The first quarter went without a tally; Wilmington still searching for slide rules, as the Engineers pushed the Green Wave into the mud.

As in the first canto, the second period saw the Rose men utilize their ground game to its fullest as Tom Merrill and Roger Ward zipped through huge holes blasted in the Green Wave line. Rose drew blood first as Ed Adams literally broke the ice to take a 49 yard Rick Manuszak bomb for the score. The half did not end, however, until shortly after the Green Wave flowed into the end zone, consummating its only successful drive of the day. Still, Randy Shoaf's toe was the halftime difference as safety Bill Randall burst through to block the Wilmington try for extra point.

The third quarter was not unique as Rose, using the Green Wave to plow up Brown field, pushed Wilmington every which way except across the goal line. In the final quarter of the season, the defense rose to its full height, consistently throwing the Wilmington quarterback for losses. Here, defensive tackle Buzz Scharringhausen closed out the scoring,

(Continued on Page Six)

Pluses of New Grading System

Due to the efforts of a student-faculty committee, a new grading system involving the use of B plus and C plus has been introduced to our campus. A result of a prolonged study by faculty members and students, the new system is an attempt to present a better picture of a student's ability. Related facets of the new program include pass-fail courses and the replacement of courses. Information concerning these items can be obtained easily in Dean Ross's office.

The existence of the new system doesn't alter the required grade-point average of the school, but the use of "pluses" is left up to the individual teachers. As one can see, this new program is a step taken in the right direction to improve the educational quality at Rose and reveals that student-faculty cooperation exists.

SCAMPS HOUSE DEDICATED

DR. LOGAN SENDS GREETINGS

The Christian Campus Ministry of Terre Haute, Inc., formally dedicated the new campus house facility on Sunday, October 26, at 5:00 p.m. The Campus Ministry is a project of many Christian Churches and Churches of Christ in Indiana.

Greetings were received from Congressman John Myers, Senator Birch Bayh, Jr., and President Nixon. In addition to the personal letter from Dr. Logan, extending the best wishes of Rose Polytechnic, the assistant to the President of ISU, Dr. Orley Herron, appeared to congratulate the Campus Ministry on behalf of ISU.

The Campus Ministry was begun in 1968, with the first step being the selection of a campus minister. A. Dale Crain was called from Lincoln, Nebraska,

(Continued on Page Eight)

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ED NOTE: Because of the short week due to Thanksgiving, there will not be an issue of *The Inklings* next week.

## More on Viet Nam

In the last month, much attention has been given to the war in Vietnam, and in particular to the Moratorium movement. The supporters of the Moratorium have been labeled as unpatriotic, radical, and "impudent snobs." Beginning in the next issue, a Moratorium supporter will state his case in *The Inklings*, in an effort to better inform the students what the Moratorium is trying to accomplish, and why. He will discuss his reasons for opposition to the "administration" on Vietnam, and what he believes the U.S. should do about the war.

The administration's position and that of the "silent majority" has been well publicized and was climaxed in President Nixon's November 3rd address to the nation. But the opposition's position and the basis for this position have not been so well circulated. All dissenters are tossed into one bucket and labeled "radicals," and no one really listens to what they are saying. The articles appearing in *The Inklings* will give one dissenter's viewpoints and more important, the reasons behind his beliefs.

If you are still undecided about the war, or even if you're not, you should read this series, because until you've heard both sides of the argument, you can not hope to reach a knowledgeable conclusion.

—Dennis Rogers

### QUOTE OF THE WEEK

I'm still fighting the idea of being a rather ill-equipped, fumbling, obtuse kind of person.

—SPIRO T. AGNEW  
Interview, Oct. 4

## RELEVANCE

The word relevant can be applied to many issues of today. The Vietnam War, the draft, taxes and rising costs in educational expenses are all relevant to the Rose student and are matters which very directly concern him. Should these wide-reaching subjects be sacrificed in order to make room for numerous articles concerning convocations and fraternity announcements? This question is one which must be considered when determining the composition of the *Inklings*.

The first factor to be considered is related to the purpose of a college paper. There is little question that to inform the student body of past and coming events on the Rose campus and in the Terre Haute area is important, but should the giving of information be the foremost objective? On bigger campuses where it is impossible to hear first, second, or even third-hand accounts of events, the primary purposes include the straight reporting of incidents and to some extent editorializing. At Rose the emphasis must shift because not only is the paper just a weekly, but because one can easily have witnessed the function or talked to someone who did. Thus, information given in the paper is usually known by much of the student body by the time the *Inklings* comes off the presses. At this point another factor enters into the picture, that of the smallness of the enrollment. On state-supported campuses the enrollment is large enough to usually get a cross section of the students and each group usually can make its presence felt. At a small college this is not always true, and so a student is not exposed to the different ideas.

If the giving of information is not of absolute importance, what should the emphasis be placed upon? The answer is to bring in and print the attitudes of a variety of groups, organizations, and individuals which

(Continued on Page Six)

## INSTITUTE INKLINGS STAFF

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## EDITORIAL—

This week's *Inklings* is devoted to the Moratorium. However, this paper wishes to view reactions by students and faculty. If you have opposing views, please express them to the editors and they will be printed unedited. Due to Thanksgiving, there will not be an *Inklings* published next week.

—JAB

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Gentlemen:

After reading a letter to the editor by one Professor Charles C. Rogers, we feel obligated to comment. Mr. Rogers made three analogies about Saturday dates, high school parking lots and burning garbage that do not seem to us to parallel the situation in Viet Nam, where death and destruction continue every additional day the war goes on. It seems vitally important to us that this slaughter should be stopped as soon as possible. The idea of sacrificing thousands of lives in order to have face or to attain the so-called "peace with honor" seems very questionable at best. Mr. Rogers has defended his stand with the idea that there are no simple answers to complex problems. This gross generalization seems to leave the idea that the plan for Amer-

ican withdrawal from Viet Nam will result in the deaths of countless Americans and innocent South Vietnamese. The plans offered by such senators as Charles Goodell and George McGovern are far from simple. They include adequate time and complete protection for all American troops leaving Viet Nam and also require protection or political asylum for all endangered Vietnamese.

We believe, along with Mr. Rogers that all Americans have a right to be heard. Does Richard Nixon agree with this? What about his loyal supporters such as Spiro Agnew, Barry Goldwater and Strom Thurmond? Didn't these men comment that the voice of dissent no matter how large, should go unheeded? Some people seem to have the idea that since a man has been elected president, "by the people," he cannot do wrong. This seems highly dubious, especially since President Nixon was elected over Hubert Humphrey and George Wallace.

We decided to attend the Washington, D.C., peace Moratorium in order to get a better view of the anti-war forces in the United States. Where were all the dope addicts and mindless, shouting radicals? Where were all the happy-go-lucky students out for a four-day vacation? Where were all the flagburners and spineless cowards? Where was the apathetic majority?—Not in Washington, D.C., on November 13-14-15. What we saw were dedi-

cated citizens of all ages walking solemnly in a march against death. Endless rainfall did not stop the determined marchers in their four and one-half mile trek. Soaking wet they marched on, carrying names of nearly 40,000 Americans who have died in Viet Nam. This was far from a joyous romp. Tearful women whose husbands or sons had sacrificed their lives, G.I.'s who were still in the service and faced possible repercussions for their participation, Viet Nam veterans who saw no need for further sacrifice, and thousands of students who would soon be faced with the pressing decision of being forced to fight in a war which they do not support or being penalized for draft evasion, all were among the marchers.

After leaving the drenched marchers, we entered the large plush confines of the U.S. Senate. The conditions here contrasted sharply with those faced by the marchers. Few senators were in attendance. In fact, we were told by members of the capital staff that senators seldom show up at all.

They sometimes appear to vote or to give speeches but they almost never come to listen.

The senators who did speak were far from impressive. Senator Hugh Scott gave a defense of Vice President Spiro Agnew's attack on television commentators (who were supposedly not part of the "silent majority.") He commented that the marchers outside were all right as long as they didn't bother anyone. It was quite obvious that Senator Scott was not at all bothered by the thousands of chilled, solemn demonstrators who were placing name cards of dead Americans in coffins that symbolized the tragedy of Viet Nam. In his last remark Senator Scott said "Let them do their own thing," snickering at his own joke.

As we left the Capital Building, we talked to a Washington correspondent from UPI. When asked about the senators, he replied, "Why do you kids bother to demonstrate. You look old enough to know that they (the senators) don't care. When you have been around the capital as long as I have, you get cynical. You can't beat it. You might as well join it."

As the day wore on, the spirit of sharing and hope grew. Schools, churches and many "establishment" homes opened their doors and offered food and shelter to hungry, cold marchers. The march against death continued throughout the

night despite rain and freezing temperatures. Countless celebrities were present to give encouragement to the demonstrators for peace.

Early in the morning, as the march against death terminated, a throng unparalleled in the history of the United States gathered in a mass march. Hundreds of thousands marched without incident along a path dictated by the government that carefully avoided the White House, home of President Nixon. A long barricade made of end-to-end buses that was backed up by a National Guard contingent blocked any approach to the White House. These security precautions plus the thousands of troops that were available on short notice were not necessary. The whole weekend saw only scattered violence by less than one per cent of the demonstrators.

The march ended along an area around the Washington monument. A rally that was attended by possibly over one million people began to take shape. Such notables as Dr. Benjamin Spock, Rev. William Sloane Coffin, Leonard Bernstein, Mrs. Coretta King, Dick Gregory, D.C. Mayor Walter Washington, Senators McCarthy, McGovern and Goodell combined with entertainers such as a section from the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra, Peter, Paul and Mary, Pete Seeger, Richie Havens and Arlo Guthrie to make a memorable impression. The rally came to a close as the four combined casts from the play "Hair" sang the verse "Let the Sun Shine." As the tempo of the song grew, everyone in the audience began singing and dancing in a fantastic spirit of hope.

As the peace marchers left the area almost all were singing the words "All we are saying, is give peace a chance."

We were reminded of the harsh reality of the senate floor. We could see Senator Scott saying, "Let them do their own thing," as he snickered at his own joke.

—Charles Sego and Marshall Goldsmith

## JIM GIBSON

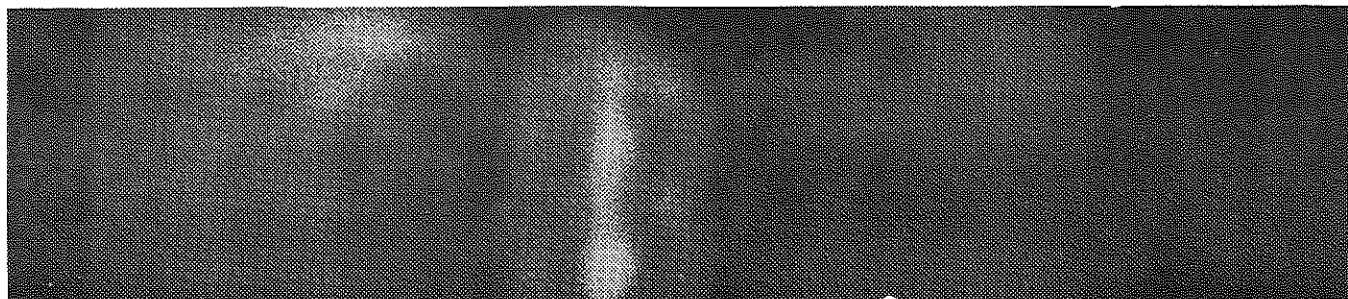
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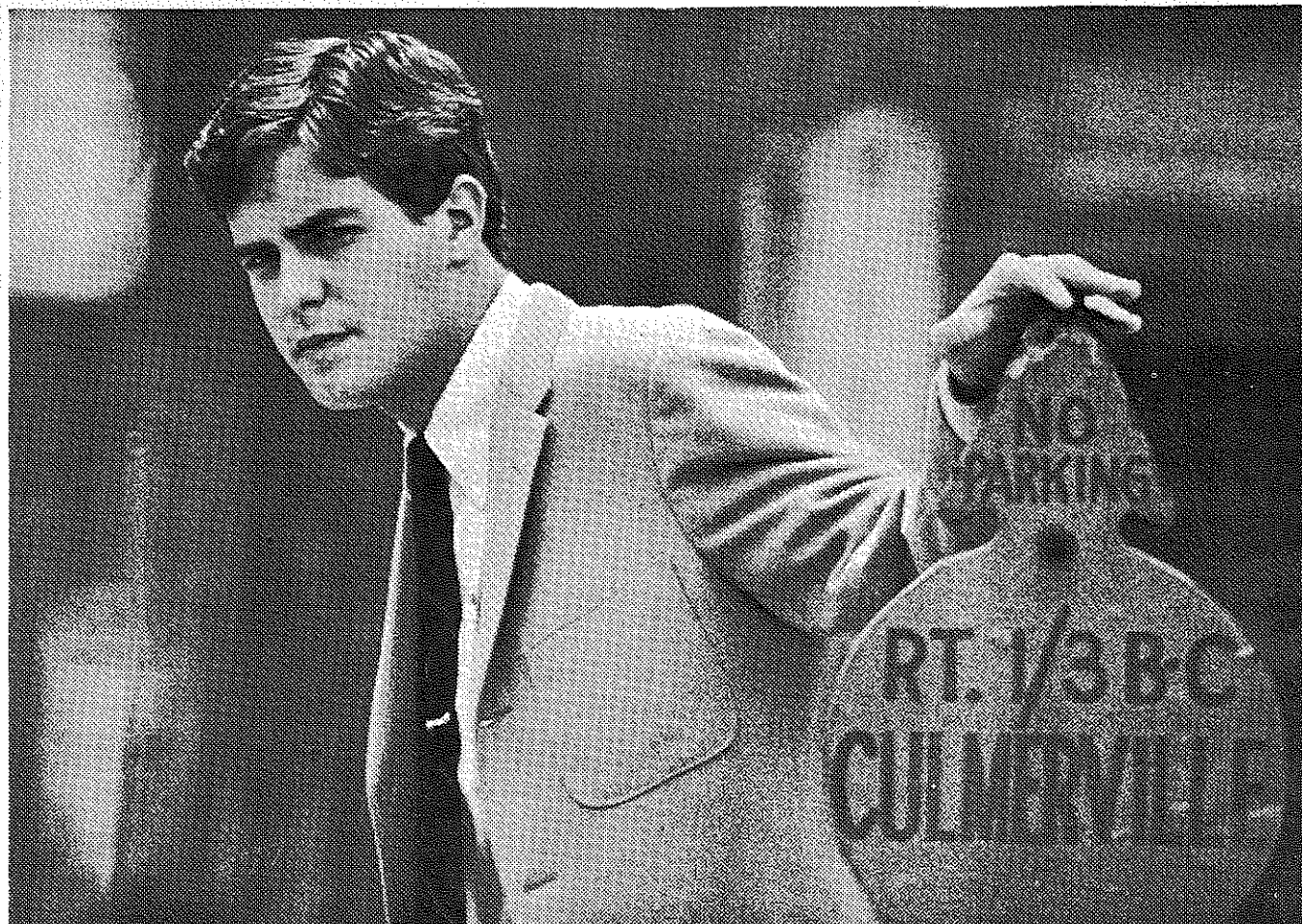
I've got my interview set  
between computer lab and econ  
hurry up bus  
I'll be late for class  
wonder if Alcoa's doing anything  
about traffic jams

I read somewhere they're solving  
rapid transit problems  
and helping explore the seas and  
outer space  
and working with packaging  
and automotive applications  
So when I go in  
I'll tell it like it is—for me  
and they'll tell it like it is—  
for them

Straight questions—straight answers  
and they won't care if the  
bus is a little late  
Get together with Alcoa:

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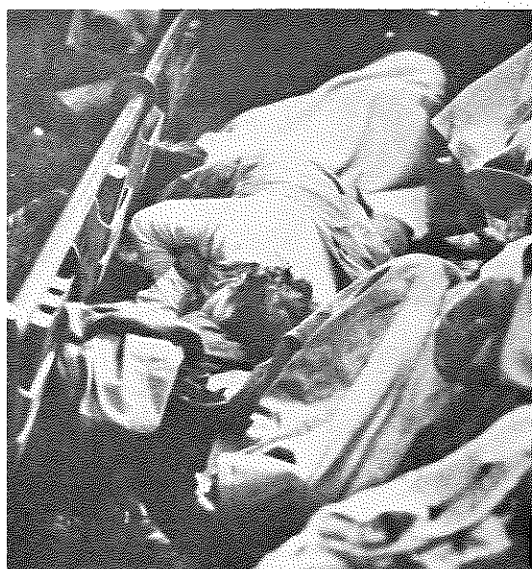
Change for the better  
with Alcoa





# MORATORIUM: REPORT FROM WASHINGTON

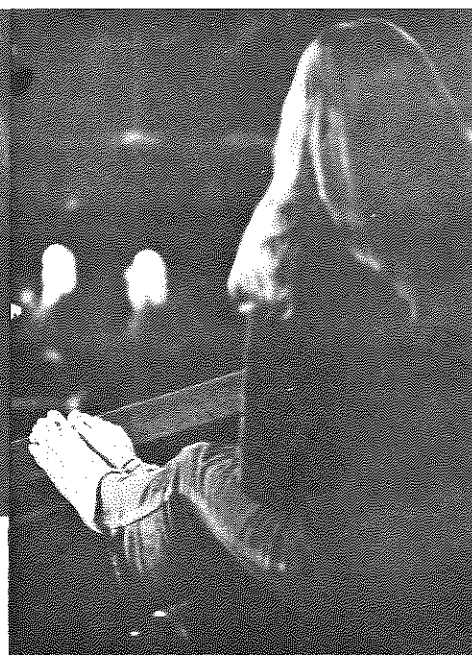
PHOTO ESSAY BY  
C. W. WODTKE . . .



Candlelight march proceeded to capitol building (above): 40,000 carried names of dead.



Hippie style in Washington consisted of sleeping in churches, strong coffee and just relaxing tired marchers' feet.



## EYEWITNESS TO WASHINGTON

November 15 was just the beginning!

President Nixon's speech of November 3 clearly outlined the policies of the present administration: the war will continue and the majority's desire for peace will be ignored! But what Nixon will be able to do depends, to a large extent, on us. If we have built an effective enough anti-war movement, the government will find it more difficult to continue the war than to end it.

The March on Washington is over. Organizers of the anti-war rally termed it beautiful despite the march of a militant, yippie group on the Justice Department.

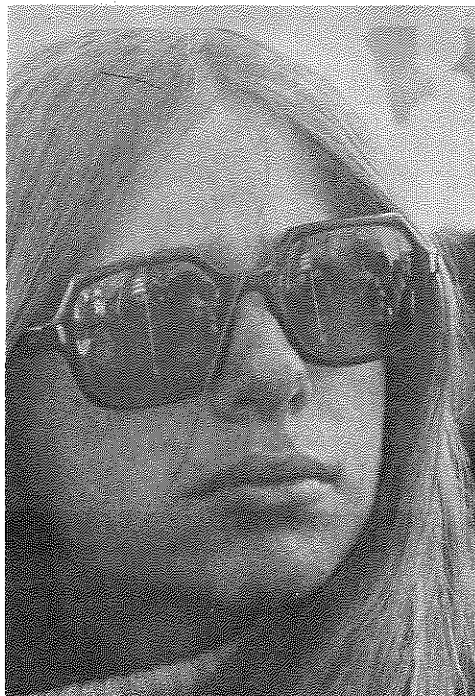
Just being there gave those of us who joined the rally a proud feeling, we have already learned, many of us through bitter experience, that we can't trust the fine words or good in-

tentions of a few individuals who hold high office; through mass demonstrations the people have been able to directly challenge the minority government on the question of the war.

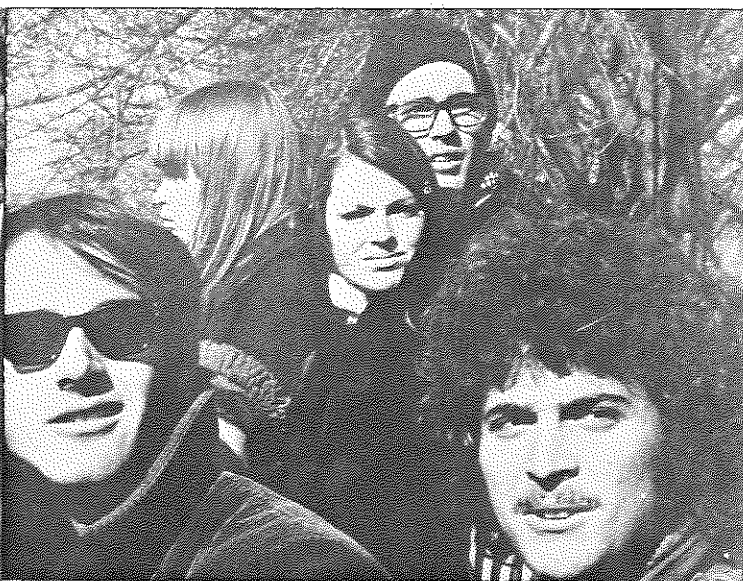
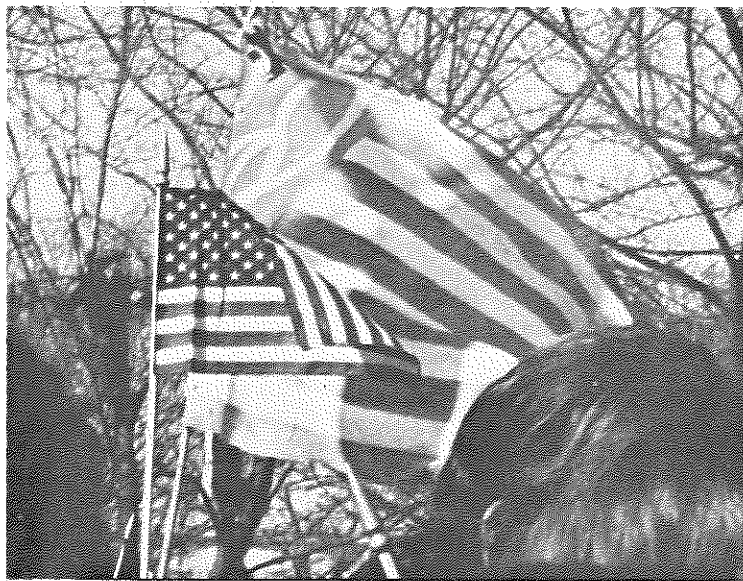




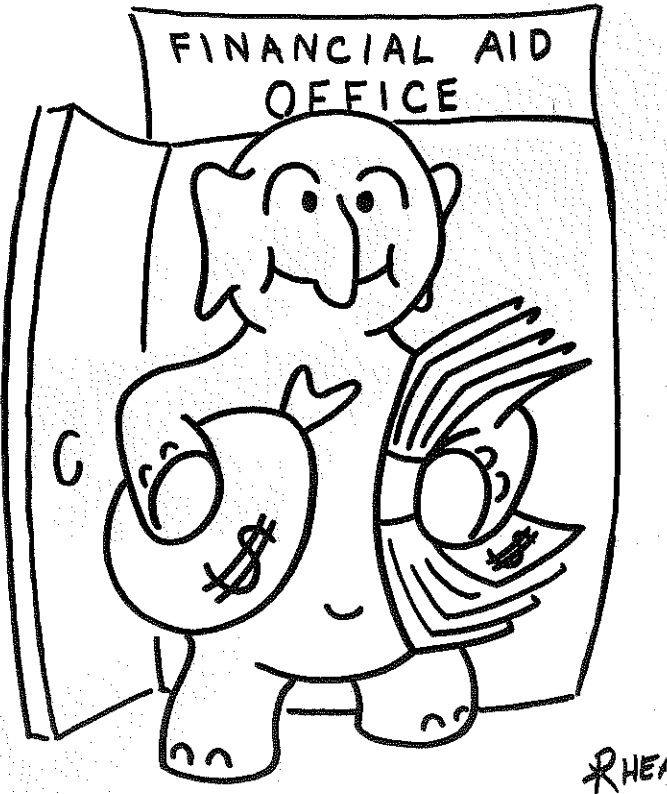
# OVER 250,000 JOIN LARGEST PEACE MARCH EVER!!



Estimates from 250,000 to 500,000 or more attending!



# BOY, DEAN ROSS IS IN A GREAT MOOD TODAY !



## R.O.T.C. Week Nov. 17-23

Mayor Leland Larrison Thursday proclaimed the week of Nov. 17-23 as "Army R.O.T.C. Week" in Terre Haute in conjunction with the celebration of the 150th anniversary of military education on the nation's college campuses.

The proclamation was signed in ceremonies at 10 a.m. in the office of the mayor, with Major Dale A. Lucas, an officer with

the U.S. Army detachment at Rose Polytechnic Institute; Cadet Colonel James Brown, Phoenix, Ariz.; Cadet Lt. Colonel Mark Lang, Terre Haute, and Cadet Captain Steve Daugherty, Merom, in attendance. Cadets Brown and Daugherty are students at Rose, while Lang is from Indiana State.

Army R.O.T.C. has been offered continuously at Rose

since 1919, during which time nearly 1,000 men—or more than one-fourth of the graduates—have been commissioned as officers in the U.S. Army and Reserves. The Rose detachment initiated a full program at Indiana State University in 1965 and earlier this year inaugurated the two-year basic military science course at Vincennes University.

The 52-member Rose R.O.T.C. band is the official school band. Commanded by Al Mahler, a junior from Monterey, Ind., the band plays at all athletic contests and each year plays in concert before more than 10,000 high school students in Indiana and neighboring states.

The Rose Rifles, commanded by Loren Doyle, Humboldt, Ill., junior, participate in drill meets at Rutgers, Purdue and the University of Illinois and perform halftime programs at football and basketball games. The varsity rifle team is consistently one of the better collegiate groups in the Midwest.

Moreover, approximately \$75,000 in U.S. Army R.O.T.C. scholarship assistance is shared by 30 to 40 students at Rose and Indiana State.

R.O.T.C. on the local campuses receives continuing re-evaluation. Last year, the Rose-ISU program discontinued the drill portion of the basic course and devoted the program to a survey course in military history, the concept of power and related material.

## RELEVANCE

(Continued from Page One)

are prominent on campus, and also the minorities that are too small to be recognized by students unless they were actively involved. Thus, the emphasis of the coming *Institute Inklings* will be directed toward this end.

The next step in deciding what should be the composition of the newspaper is that of the scope of coverage. As has been previously stated, news of coming events are usually known before the students read the paper. The logical conclusion would be to look elsewhere for news, though still retaining some of the campus news. Reporting on controversial subjects and giving different attitudes on them not only solves the problem of subject matter; but with further examination proves to be the better choice. Vietnam, the draft, urban renewal, and the problems of the ghetto are ones which will soon become more real and relevant upon graduation and will con-

tinue to be so. It becomes important then to know as much as possible about these problems before being confronted with them at a time when one has not been able to become familiarized with the different ideas concerning the ghetto, the draft, and others. The *Inklings* is to serve as a vehicle for presenting the pros and cons to a problem.

Thus in the future the main purpose and the principle objective of the *Institute Inklings* will be to present controversial subjects as viewed by various factions. Coinciding with this will be feature stories about small groups, whether political or sponsored activities, and what goes on inside the organization.

## HUNGRY?

(Continued from Page One)

14-6, as he pounced upon the football in the end zone, after it had been jarred loose by a racking tackle.

This ends the second season of football under Coach Bob Bergman. As he hangs up for another year those saccadotal robes of his profession, the whistle and the clipboard, he must smile at the excellent performance of his team. The offensive front line, which remains intact for next year, was anchored by Denny Smith, who announced every play in his vicinity by promptly scouring all defensive linemen within range. The punts of multi-talented Woody Heller, often come down with snow on them. The defensive backfield, though not tested in this game, survived injury and squelched some of the finest passing attacks in Hoo-sterland.

The Rose passing attack, last year as deadly as acid indigestion, took sharp turns under the reigns of Rick Manuszak and Ed Adams. With a stronger passing attack, the heralded running of Roger Ward, this year joined by Jerry Bertram and Tom Merrill, became even more devastating. All of these aspects meshed together Saturday to drub Wilmington College. Even as Rose balanced its 4-4 record, this win did more to indicate that next season's nine games will only increase the three game winning skein. It can be assured, too, that opposition will not take the field in search of a Post or a Decilog as Wilmington so mockingly tried to do. Rather, they'll expect, and get, eleven very tough football players who are hungry for more than just a winning season.

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## THE DRAFT AND THE STUDENT

(Article No. 5)  
THE OCCUPATIONAL  
DEFERMENT

Since many seniors and some juniors are considering job offers and occupational opportunities, it seems necessary to describe and explain the occupational deferment or II-A classification.

The II-A deferment is given for a year or less at a time, but may be renewed as long as you are doing work judged essential by your draft board. If you want a II-A deferment, you should ask your employer or supervisor to write your draft board asking that you be deferred. He should emphasize the following points:

1. That the work is "necessary to the maintenance of the national health, safety, or interest." The letter should explain why your product or service is essential to the national economy or defense, or to the community in which you work.

2. That you are actually performing the work, or would be except for a "seasonal or temporary interruption." Merely being trained for an essential occupation isn't enough; you must actually work in it.

3. That without a qualified person in your job, your employer's organization would have "a material loss of effectiveness." This is best shown by describing your job and explaining its contribution to the end product.

4. That another qualified person can't readily be found to take your place, because of a shortage in your field or because you have unique abilities.

"In addition to the letter your employer writes, you should write requesting the deferment and making essentially the same points. If your employer doesn't write, your letter alone may sometimes be enough to get you the deferment. But a letter by the employer is usually necessary as well.

"An employer who has requested your occupational deferment must be notified of the board's decision. He is sent a Classification Advice (Form 111), at the time you are sent a Notice of Classification (Form 110). He has the same right of appeal as you have, though only you can request a personal appearance. Before appealing, it is usually advisable to have the personal appearance, and if possible to take your employer or supervisor as a witness. If you appeal, you (or your employer) can have the appeal transferred to the state appeal board for the area where you work or live, if different from the one where your local board is, by requesting a transfer in the letter requesting the appeal. This is usually desirable if you are applying for an occupational deferment.

"If you are self-employed, of course, you will have to make the request yourself. In that case, you will probably want to get letters from responsible people stating that they know your work and consider it essential, and perhaps to ask one of them to attend your personal appearance.

"Typically, draft boards give II-A deferments to highly skilled men in industry, technology, scientific research and development, social service, and teaching. However, there are no longer any official guidelines or job lists for occupational deferment, so your local board can give you a deferment for any kind of job if the board is convinced it is essential. For the same reason, the local board can turn down your request for occupational deferment in one of these fields or any other, even though you and your employer believe the deferment is well justified. It sometimes happens that two employees doing identical work for the same employer, with equal skill and training, apply for occupational deferment to two different draft boards, and one is successful and the other isn't. There is little uniformity among local boards, and all you can do is appeal if your request is rejected.

"There are advisory memorandums on several occupations, and if you are in one of these fields you may find it useful to read them and perhaps refer your local board to them. These can be read and copied at any local board office or state headquarters. None of these memorandums are binding on your local board. It can do as the national director advises, or ignore his advice. However,

not all boards know this, and most boards follow the director's suggestions.

"A memorandum issued on April 25, 1968, advises against giving occupational deferments to most graduate-student teaching assistants: "A full-time graduate student shall not be considered for occupational deferment because he is engaged in teaching part time." Despite the use of the word "shall," if a local board believes the "national interest" requires giving a II-A deferment to a part-time teaching assistant, or for any other part-time occupation such as research, it has the power to do so. But few are likely to go against the advice of the national director.

"In addition, many state directors issue advisory memorandums suggesting policies on occupational deferments. The advice varies widely. For example, one state director may suggest that boards defer experienced, continuing teachers, but hesitate to defer those just out of school and beginning to teach. The director of an adjacent state may suggest deferring all teachers whose schools consider them essential. These memorandums should be available for reading and copying at local boards in that state or at state headquarters. A letter of request to the state headquarters may get you a copy of the state director's current memorandum on your occupation, if he has issued one.

"Although there is no uniform policy, most local boards will give you a II-A deferment during service in the Peace

Corps, Vista, and some other government volunteer programs. After this service, you will again be eligible for the draft, unless you qualify for some other deferment. The officials of these programs are generally well informed and helpful in dealing with draft boards."

When interviewing one should be prepared to ask the interviewer about their company's deferment policy. It is wise to find out their deferment record in recent years and to what extent the company will stand behind you. Of course, if you have any personal problems arise or doubts occur consult the nearest skilled draft counselor. Never take the draft board's or the interviewer's word on curial draft issues. Counseling is available in Terre Haute at the Terre Haute Draft Project, 677½ Wabash Avenue, 235-1270. For general information "Guide to the Draft," by Arlo Tatum and Joseph S. Tuchinsky is an exceptional reference.

## THE CHAINS OF LEARNING

The chains of learning  
bindeth me,  
When all I want is to be free.  
Freedom is a wondrous thing,  
But it would make my  
draft board sing.  
To classroom desk and  
blackboard chalk,  
I am chained by infinite talk.  
In class I sit and write  
this poem,  
When all I want is to go home.  
It would be nice to get a laugh;  
Instead I get the old Rose shaft!  
—The Fearless Flamer

**DR.  
HERBERT S. GOLOFF**

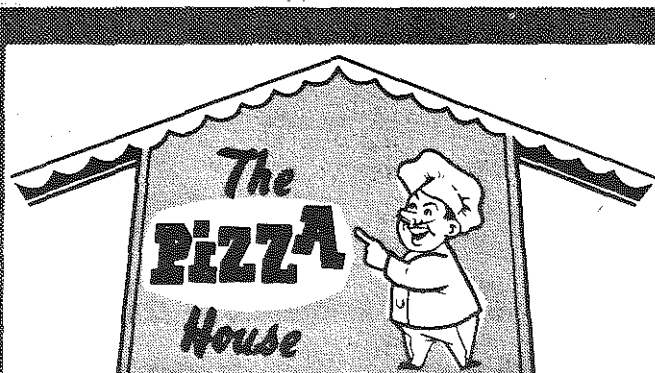
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Peggy Grimmer boosts morale of not only the players but also that of the spectators at the last game of the season. She is a freshman from St. Mary-of-the-Woods.

## DRAG RACING CLUB AT ROSE

Rose has a real drag racing club. The RPI Racing Association was formed last year. Faculty advisor and czar of the club is a chemistry professor, Dr. Hill. He's had vast experience in building up cars and the drags. NHRA hires him to test fuel at their national meets.

Last year, the club had plans to build a B-Gas dragster. Lacking club funds, some company decided to sponsor the car. After getting involved in building the engine, the company copped out.

This year's plans are to campaign a Dodge station wagon with a 426 wedge engine. It will run in a stock class, so no special NHRA licensee will be required to drive it. This means club members can get in on the action.

Meanwhile the club offers speed equipment at substantial savings over speed shops. Pick up a spare copy of the catalogue and check it out. Superbuys are advertised on the club's bulletin board across from the student bank. Club members get an even greater discount on all speed equipment. Such a deal.

The club has a future and

everyone is welcome to attend meetings and even join. It's something like \$2.50 a quarter or five bucks a year. Meetings are Wednesdays at four o'clock in D-04. Be the first on your block.

## SCAMPS HOUSE DEDICATED

(Continued from Page One) to serve. Shortly afterwards, the Great Northern Hotel was purchased at Seventh and Tippecanoe, the intent being to remodel it into a residence hall for 90 male students, with facilities for recreation, study, cafeteria and lounge. However, ISU needed the property for campus expansion and bought it from the Ministry. The old Kashway Market at Eighth and Spruce was purchased, along with four adjacent houses and garage. Three of the houses were razed, making room for parking areas, one of the houses was rented to RPI students, and the market was completely remodeled into a campus house facility.

Scamps House was chosen as the name for the place. Dr. Lin Yu-tang, famous Chinese Christian scholar, observed that "there are some people who re-

fuse merely to exist, and demand something more, something beyond them for which to live, something worth dying for. I call these people scamps." Crain was seized by this idea, thinking that surely Christians ought to be scamps; people not merely existing, but really living, living lives with meaning and significance, full of service. He made an acrostic of the word for the group's motto: Serving Christ Alone Means Personal Satisfaction.

Regular meetings at Scamps House, Eighth and Spruce, are at 5:00 Sunday (cost meal, 50c for all you can eat, followed by discussion at 6:00) and 6:30 Wednesday. All Rose fellows are invited to participate regardless of religious background or sentiment. The Red Baron, a fire engine red '69 Chevy carry-all, comes through the Rose campus at 9:00 a.m. and 4:45 p.m. on Sunday, and at 6:15 p.m. on Wednesday. If you wish a ride, be at BSB side entrance at these times.

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